

CREATE PEACE OF MIND FOR YOUR TOMORROW

What is Estate Planning?

- Passing left over property and assets from one generation to the next.
- It is also known as developing an estate preservation plan or family wealth planning.



Proper planning <u>keeps as much of your family's unused wealth together</u> as possible,

then allows you to pass those accumulated assets, intact, to who you desire



"I'm Not Wealthy. Why Should I Worry About Estate Planning?"

"Isn't estate planning only for the Rich?"

Think again...

The Goals of Estate Planning:

Keep More of Your Hard Earned Money Protect Your Family

Control Your Assets

Become a Good Steward of Your Property









And most importantly...

Provide the <u>Peace of Mind</u> that You and Your Family Deserve



Why Does This Matter?

Do you want to control who will get your savings?

Do you have a blended family?



Do you know who will look after your children?

What about your pet(s)?

What if you don't have anything?

Who determines who gets what?

What if you don't have a will or trust? Who determines who gets what?



Your spouse?



Your parents?



Your attorney?



Your state?

What if you don't have a will or trust? Who determines who gets what?









Your spouse?

Your parents?

Your attorney?

Your state!

What if you don't have anything?

Who will care for your children?

What if you don't have a will or trust? Who will care for your children?









Your spouse? Former spouse?

Your parents?

The court?

Your attorney?

What if you don't have a will or trust? Who will care for your childeren?









Your spouse? Former spouse?

Your parents?

The court!

Your attorney?

Did You Know?



70% of Americans Will Procrastinate Until It's Too Late!

A little over half of Americans don't even have a will.



If You Don't Have A Will...Don't Worry, The State Has One For You.

Let's look at some planning options as they relate to keeping your family's wealth **in the family**.

Remember:

proper planning is so much more than avoiding taxes.

Passing the Remainder of Your Estate to Who you desire

Events to **AVOID**:

- Probate
- Having your estate open to the public
- Living Probate losing control of your property
- Conservatorship proceedings
- Having no Will, or only having a Will
- Relying on Joint Tenancy
- Not appointing a Guardian for your minor or disabled children

Passing Your Estate to the Next Generation

There are also some taxes that can potentially impact your planning:

- Capital Gains Tax
- Federal Estate Tax
- State Inheritance Tax
- Gift Tax

What is **Probate**?

Probate is a court process that validates your Will, passes ownership of your property to your heirs, settles at debt you may owe, and clears title your assets.



If you have a Will, you WILL go through probate.

*AARP Estimates...

- The next generation will lose more than Two Billion Dollars Annually to the Probate Process.
- Conservatively 8% to 10% of every estate will be consumed by Probate unless proper steps are taken.

*AARP Estimates...

- In some cases, attorney's fees consume 20% or more of an estate's value for the attorney to take the estate through Probate. This is especially true of small estates.
- For estates of the Middle Class, attorney and personal representative fees can deplete assets by as much as 10%, even in uncomplicated cases.

Disadvantages of **Probate**

- It takes a long time! The average time in Probate Court is 12 18 months, and your assets are frozen during that time.
- It typically **consumes 4% 10%** of the total **gross** estate (not the net).
- Probate records are **public records** Anyone may find out about your private affairs.
- Instead of agreeably passing your assets, it actually <u>invites</u> contest in many cases and can potentially divide your family.

A GOOD Living Trust can avoid these problems

Your Will **Cannot help**You In Life

A Will is only effective after death.



It can do nothing for you if you become incapacitated.



Incapacity can lead to Living Probate.



What is Living Probate?

Living Probate occurs when you become incapacitated and can't make decisions for yourself.

You may be declared incompetent in court and anyone, **even a stranger**, can be appointed to take care of your property and person.







Remember...

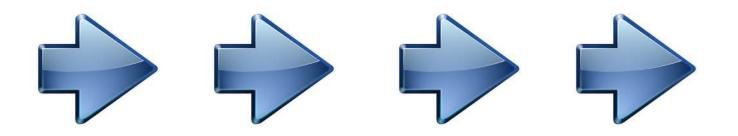
Anyone at Anytime Can Apply, Through a Legal Proceeding, to Handle the Financial and Personal Affairs of an Incompetent Person

How Can You **Guard** Against Living Probate?

- Make a decision to set up the necessary forms while you are able to and competent.
- Establish Powers of Attorney and a Nomination of Conservator.
- A good Living Trust package will have these necessary documents AND...

YOU are Able to Decide Whom will Make Your Decisions if You Become Incompetent

4 Ways to Pass Your Estate to Loved Ones



- 1. Joint Tenancy
- 2. "Pay/Transfer on Death"
- 3. Last Will & Testament
- 4. Living Trust

Let's look at the effects of how Your assets are titled.

1. Joint Tenancy

Joint Tenancy is a common estate plan.

Many of you hold your assets jointly with someone else - your spouse or children.

However, Joint Tenancy has many perils, and more hidden dangers than any other type of planning – except do nothing.

Pitfalls of Joint Tenancy



Only delays Probate - does not avoid it.

- Capital Gains Taxes are not avoided.
- Unintentional Gift Taxes you don't even know about.
- The property is subject to court judgment or creditors, so if your joint-owner is sued or divorces, you may lose your part as well.
- Control issues with co-owners they can keep you from selling your property, and they can sell their part without your consent.

2. Pay on Death

- You may have assets that "Pay/Transfer on Death."
- This may work if you only have few assets usually bank and brokerage accounts, and only with one or two beneficiaries. If contested, it is forced to go through Probate.
- Most states don't allow "pay on death" deeds if you own property.

3. Last Will & Testament



A Will may cost less to establish up front and may express your desires for passing your assets, but it has many costly disadvantages, including **easy contestability - it actually invites contest.**

Guarantees Probate will occur - don't believe it when you hear "Oh, Probate is easy or inexpensive in our state."

It's proven by studies to be **costly**, **time-consuming and public**.

Is only valid when the **Probate Court approves it.**

→ Doesn't provide protection for you while you're living.

4. A Good Living Trust

This is the only estate planning tool that addresses many of these concerns, and is an effective way to avoid many pitfalls of improper estate planning.

- Avoids Probate and Living
 Probate if properly funded and executed.
- Protects your privacy and preserves your assets.
- It's revocable, so you can change it any time while you're alive and competent.
- Protects your wishes and desires after you die.

A Good Living Trust

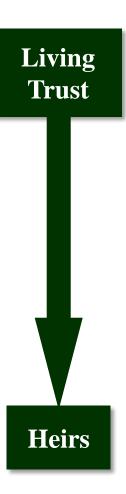
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- Valuable for both small and large estates.
- Passes assets to your family quickly and efficiently without courts.
- Minimizes Federal and State Estate Taxes and Capital Gains Taxes.
- Allows YOU to appoint a guardian to raise your children.
- Provides for Special Needs children or grandchildren.
- Deals with contest of your wishes and spendthrift problems.

Will vs. Trust



- COURTS
- 1- 2 YEAR DELAYED DISTRIBUTIONS
- PUBLIC DISCLOSURE OF YOUR ASSETS, DEBTS AND HEIRS
- MAXIMUM NEGATIVE EMOTIONAL IMPACT ON FAMILY
- COURT APPROVED GUARDIANS AND/OR CONSERVATORS
- EXPENSIVE PROBATE FEES
- EASILY CONTESTED
- TOTALLY PUBLIC AND COURT CONTROLLED



- NO COURT CONTROL
- PROBATE FREE
- DELAY FREE
- HASSLE FREE
- NO UNNECESSARY TAXES
- YOU APPOINT GUARDIANS
- YOU APPOINT CONSERVATORS
- PROTECTS YOU DURING YOUR LIFETIME
- NO-CONTEST CLAUSE
- TOTALLY PRIVATE AND FAMILY CONTROLLED

Not All Living Trusts

Estate Plans are Created Equal

Choose Wisely

The Four P's of Estate Planning

- PROTECTION
- PROBATE AVOIDANCE
- PRIVACY
- PEACE OF MIND

You owe it to yourself and your family to consider a well-written Revocable Living Trust.







