

Nevada Public Employees Deferred Compensation Program

Plan Document

(Attachment A)

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Purpose

The purpose of this Plan is to provide a supplemental retirement plan with quality, cost-effective investment options and excellent customer service. A Participant's Account value will depend upon the investment results achieved by the Investment Options in which the Participant chooses to invest. Each Participant shall be 100% vested at all times in his or her Plan Account in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

In accordance with Section 457 of the Code, all amounts of Compensation deferred or contributed under the Plan, all property and rights purchases with such amounts and all income attributable to such amounts and all property and rights are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of Participants and their Beneficiaries and Alternate Payees pursuant to the applicable Trust Agreement.

The Plan and Trust Agreements are intended to satisfy the requirements for an eligible deferred Compensation plan under Section 457(e)(1)(A) of the Code and shall be construed and administered accordingly. To the extent that any term of the Plan is inconsistent with the provisions of Section 457 of the Code applicable to governmental employers, the inconsistent term shall, to the fullest extent possible, be treated for all purposes of the Plan as amended and reformed to conform to the applicable provisions of Section 457 of the Code.

Except as otherwise provided herein, this amendment and restatement of the Plan is effective as of the Effective Date.

ARTICLE I – DEFINITIONS

1.1 Plan Definitions

For purposes of this Plan, the following words and phrases shall have the meaning set forth below, unless a different meaning is plainly required by the context:

- "Account" means each separate account established and maintained for a Participant under the Plan, including, as applicable, each Before-Tax Deferral Account, Roth 457(b) Account, Rollover Account, Alternate Payee Account and Beneficiary Account.
- **"Administrative Staff"** refers to the appointed Executive Officer and any other administrative personnel under his or her authority or assigned to the Administration of the Plan under the authority of the State of Nevada Department of Administration Director.
- "Age 50 Plus Catch-Up Contribution" means the catch-up contribution for Participants who attain age 50 by the end of the calendar year, as permitted under Code Section 414(v) and pursuant to Section 3.2(d).
- "Alternate Payee" means the person who is or was the spouse or Domestic Partner of the Participant or is the child of the Participant to the extent that such person is entitled to any or all of a Participant's Account under a court order that the Committee has determined to be Plan approved Qualified Domestic Relations Order.
- "**Alternate Payee Account**" means the Account established for an Alternate Payee pursuant to Qualified Domestic Relations Order.
- "Amounts Deferred or Contributed" means the aggregate of Compensation deferred or contributed by a Participant pursuant to Article III, including Before-Tax Deferrals and Roth 457(b) Contributions.
- "Before-Tax Deferral Account" means the Elective Deferral Account (s) established under the Plan to record a Participant's Before-Tax Deferrals, and the income, gains and losses crediting thereto. A Beneficiary Account or Alternate Payee Account corresponding to the deceased or relevant Participant's Before-Tax Deferrals may also be referred to as a Before-Tax Deferral Account.
- "**Before-Tax Deferrals**" means that part of a Participant's Compensation which is deferred into the Plan and is not includable in the Participant's taxable income which, in the absence of a Participant's election to defer such Compensation under Article III, would have been paid to the Participant and would have been includable in the Participant's taxable income.
- **"Beneficiary"** means the designated person or person(s) (or if none, the Participant's estate) who is entitled to receive benefits under the Plan after the death of a Participant pursuant to Article IX to receive the amount, if any, payable under the Plan upon the death of such Participant or Surviving Spouse.
- "**Beneficiary Account**" means the Account established for a Beneficiary in accordance with Section 6.2.

"Business Day" means, subject to 4.4(b), any day (measured in accordance with State time) on which the New York Stock Exchange is open for the trading of securities.

"CARES ACT Qualified Individual" is defined as:

- (I) who is diagnosed with the virus SARS–CoV–2 or with coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID–19) by a test approved by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention; or
- (II) whose spouse or dependent (as defined in section 152 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986) is diagnosed with such virus or disease by such a test; or
- (III) who experiences adverse financial consequences as a result of being quarantined, being furloughed or laid off or having work hours reduced due to such virus or disease, being unable to work due to lack of childcare due to such virus or disease, closing or reducing hours of a business owned or operated by the individual due to such virus or disease, or other factors as determined by the Secretary of the Treasury (or the Secretary's delegate).

"Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 as now in effect or as hereafter amended. All citations to sections of the Code are to such sections as they may from time to time be amended or renumbered.

"Compensation" means:

- a) All cash compensation for services to the Employer, including salary, wages, fees, commissions, bonuses, and overtime pay that is includible in the Employee's gross income for the calendar year, plus amounts that would be cash compensation for services to the employer includible in the Employee's gross income for the calendar year but for a compensation reduction election under section 125, 132(f), 401(k), 403(b), or 457(b) of the Code (including an election to defer compensation under Article III).
- b) Any differential wage payments defined in Code Section 3401(h)(2) pursuant to the HEART act;
- c) Any accumulated sick pay, accumulated vacation pay and back pay paid to a Participant by his or her Employer, provided that such accumulated sick pay, accumulated vacation pay and back pay is received by the Plan in accordance with the timing requirements of the Treasury Regulations promulgated under Section 457 of the Code.

"Committee" means the Deferred Compensation Committee of the State of Nevada as authorized under Nevada Revised Statute (NRS) 287.250 to 287.370. The Committee has all of the power and authority to formally take action and deliberate on Plan design and Investment options on behalf of the Plan. The Committee may delegate administrative and managerial duties under this Plan to the appointed Executive Officer.

"Coronavirus-Related Distribution" Except as provided in paragraph (2) of Section 2202 the CARES Act, the term Coronavirus-Related Distribution or "CRD" means any distribution from an eligible retirement plan made—

- (i) on or after January 1, 2020, and before December 31, 2020,
- (ii) to a "CARES Act Qualified Individual"

- (I) who is diagnosed with the virus SARS–CoV–2 or with coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID–19) by a test approved by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention,
- (II) whose spouse or dependent (as defined in section 152 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986) is diagnosed with such virus or disease by such a test, or
- (III) who experiences adverse financial consequences as a result of being quarantined, being furloughed or laid off or having work hours reduced due to such virus or disease, being unable to work due to lack of childcare due to such virus or disease, closing or reducing hours of a business owned or operated by the individual due to such virus or disease, or other factors as determined by the Secretary of the Treasury (or the Secretary's delegate).
- "**Deferrals"** means the amount of Compensation deferred by a Participant to the Plan, comprising of Elective Deferrals and, if elected by the Committee in the Plan and the Participant so elects on a Participation Agreement, Roth 457(b) Contributions.
- "**Designated Roth Employer**" means an Employer that permits (in accordance with any applicable procedures as may be required by the Committee) Participants who are its Employees to make Roth 457(b) Contributions pursuant to Section 3.1(c).
- **"Distributee"** means a person receiving funds, including a Participant or a Participant's designated Beneficiary. In addition, the Participant's spouse or former spouse who is the Alternate Payee under the Qualified Domestic Relations Order as defined in Code Section 414(p) is a Distributee with regard to the interest of the spouse or former spouse.
- "**Domestic Partner**" means a domestic partner as defined in NRS 122A.030. Pursuant to IRS Revenue Ruling 2013-17, Domestic Partners cannot be treated as spouses for purposes of federal tax purposes. However, Domestic Partners shall be treated as spouses under this Plan to the extent permitted under the applicable laws of the State of Nevada.
- "**Elective Deferrals**" means amounts made by the Employer to the Plan on a voluntary pre-tax or after-tax basis pursuant to a Participation Agreement entered into by a Participant.
- **"Eligible Adoptee"** means any individual (other than a child of the taxpayer's spouse) who has not attained age 18 or is physically or mentally incapable of self-support.
- **"Eligible Retirement Plan"** means (i) an individual retirement Account described in Section 408(a) of the Code, (ii) an individual retirement annuity described in Section 408(b) of the Code, (iii) a qualified trust under Section 401(a) or 401(k) of the Code, (iv) an annuity contract described in Section 403(b) and 403(a) of the Code and (v) an eligible deferred Compensation plan described in Section 457 of the Code that is maintained by a state, political subdivision of a state, any agency or instrumentality of state or political subdivision of a state; and (f) a Roth IRA. However, for an Eligible Rollover Distribution to a designated Beneficiary other than a Surviving Spouse, an Eligible Retirement Plan is only an individual retirement Account described in Code Section 408(a) or an individual retirement annuity described in Code Section 408(b) that is treated as an inherited IRA in accordance with Code Section 402(c)(11).
- **"Eligible Rollover Distribution"** means all or any portion of the balance of the Plan to the credit of the Distributee, or a Beneficiary of a Participant, except that an Eligible Rollover Distribution shall not include (a) any distribution that is (i) one of a series of substantially equal periodic payments (not less frequently than annually) made for the life (or life expectancy) of

the Distributee or the joint lives (or joint life expectancies) of the Distributee and the Distributee's Beneficiary or (ii) for a specified period of ten years or more, (b) any distribution to the extent such distribution is required under Section 401(a) (9) of the Code, and (c) any distribution due to a hardship of the Distributee, including, without limitation, an unforeseen emergency pursuant to Section 4.8.

"**Employee**" means any natural person or individual who receives Compensation for services from the Employer, including (a) any elected or appointed officer or employee of the Employer, (b) an officer or employee of an institution under management and control of Nevada System of Higher Education (NSHE), and (c) any employee who is included in a unit of employees covered by a negotiated bargaining agreement that specifically provides for participation in the Plan. An Employee shall not include an independent contractor, a consultant, or any other individual classified by the Employer as not eliqible to participate in the Plan.

"Employer" means the State of Nevada and each Participating Employer, including but not limited to the Nevada System of Higher Education (NSHE), any authorized political subdivision of the State of Nevada, and any authorized agency or instrumentality of the State of Nevada.

"Executive Officer" means the State of Nevada Department of Administration division administrator for the Plan appointed pursuant to NRS 232.215. The Executive Officer serves as the primary contact and support for the Committee. As delegated by the Committee, the Executive Officer manages the day-to-day operation of the Plan and oversees and serves as the appointed certified contract manager of contracts and contractors of the Plan.

"HEART Act" means the Heroes Earnings Assistance and Relief Tax Act of 2008.

"Includible Compensation" means an Employee's actual wages in box 1 of Form W-2 for a year for services to the Employer, but subject to a maximum of \$200,000 (or such higher maximum as may apply under section 401(a)(17) of the Code) and increased (up to the dollar maximum) by any compensation reduction election under section 125, 132(f), 401(k), 403(b), or 457(b) of the Code (including an election to defer Compensation under Article 3). The amount of Includible Compensation is determined without regard to any community property laws. Pursuant to Section 1.457-4(d)(1) of the Income Tax Regulations, Includible Compensation will include any payments made to a Participant who has had a Severance from Employment, provided that the Includible Compensation is paid by the later of 2 ½ months after the Participant's Severance from Employment or the end of the calendar year that contains the date of such Participant's Severance from Employment. In addition, pursuant to Section 1.457-4(d)(1) of the Income Tax Regulations, Includible Compensation will include payments made to an individual who does not currently perform services for the Employer by reason of qualified military service (as defined in Code Section 414(u)(5)) to the extent those payments do not exceed the amount the individual would have received if the individual had continued to perform services for the Employer rather than enter qualified military service. Includible Compensation will not include Employee pick-up contributions described in Code Section 414(h)(2).

"In-Plan Roth Conversion" means a rollover contribution to the Plan that consists of a distribution from an Elective Deferral Account, a 457(b) Rollover Account or a non-457(b) Rollover Account under the Plan that the Participant rolls over to the Participant's In-Plan Roth

457(b) Rollover Account in the Plan, in accordance with Code Section 402A(c)(4) and in compliance with Section 8.4(d) of this Plan Document.

"**Investment Option**" means each of the investment options made available by the Committee through the Plan in accordance with Section 6.4.

"NDC" refers to the State of Nevada Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Plan.

"Normal Retirement Age" means, for purposes of Section 3.2(b) any age designated by the Participant (i) beginning no earlier that the earliest age at which a Participant has the right to retire under the Employer's pension plan, if any, and to receive immediate retirement benefits without actuarial or similar reduction because of retirement before some later age specified in such retirement plan or, in the case of a Participant who does not participate in such basic pension plan, any age that is on or after the earlier of age 65, and (ii) ending no later than age 72. The Normal Retirement Age is used for the Special Section 457 Catch-up Contribution election under Section 3.2 (b). The Employer is not permitted to have more than one Normal Retirement Age for each Participant under all plans under Code Section 457(b) that it (together with any other entity required to be aggregated with the Employer under Code Section 414(b), (c), (m) or (o)) sponsors.

"Participant" means an individual or Employee who is currently deferring Compensation, or who has previously deferred Compensation under the Plan by salary reduction and who has not received a distribution of his or her entire benefit under the Plan. Only individuals who perform services for the Employer as an Employee may defer Compensation under the Plan. This includes any Employee, former Employee, beneficiary, or alternate payee who is not deceased and who has an Account or Rollover Account under the Plan and as defined in Code Section 414(p)(8).

"Participant Account" means the following accounts established for the Participant and maintained in the Trust Fund for each Participant pursuant to Article VI, including any earnings and losses attributable thereon:

- (a) Before Tax Deferral Account
- (b) Roth 457(b) Account
- (c) Rollover Account

"Participation Agreement" means an agreement in writing or in such other form approved by the Executive Officer pursuant to which the Employee elects to reduce his or her Compensation paid and to have Amounts Deferred or Contributed into the Plan on his or her behalf in accordance with the terms of the Plan. The document may be labeled as the "*Payroll Contribution Form"*.

"Participating Employer" means any eligible governmental employer, the governing body of which has adopted the Plan by appropriate resolution with the consent and authorization of the Committee and, with the written approval of such body or entity.

"Plan" means the Nevada Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Plan (NDC) and other participating jurisdictions, as the same may be amended from time to time.

- "Plan Year" means the calendar year.
- "Qualified Birth and Adoption" means any distribution from an applicable eligible retirement plan to an individual if made during the 1- year period beginning on the date on which a child of the individual is born or on which the legal adoption by the individual of an "Eligible Adoptee" is finalized.
- "Qualified Domestic Relations Order (QDRO)" means an order, judgment or decree, including approval of a property settlement agreement that has been determined by the Plan appointed legal counsel or Recordkeeper to meet the requirements of a qualified domestic relations order within the meaning of Section 414(q) of the Code.
- "Qualified Roth Contribution Program" means a qualified Roth contribution program as defined in Section 402A of the Code.
- "Recordkeeper" means a contracted third-party administrator that the Plan may contract with and delegates certain administrative authority to establish and keep track of Participant Accounts, including contributions, withdrawals, balances, transactions (e.g. fund transfers), and other activities authorized by the Committee and Administrative Staff. Recordkeeper(s) serve at the pleasure of the Committee and under the day-to-day oversight and management of the Plan's Executive Officer who serves as the primary contact and support for the Committee, but is appointed by and serves at the pleasure of the Director of the State of Nevada Department of Administration.
- "Required Beginning Date" means April 1 of the calendar year following the later of the calendar year in which the Participant: (a) attains age 72, or (b) Severs from Employment.
- "**Rollover Account**" means the Account or Accounts established and maintained in respect of a Participant or a Beneficiary who is a Participant's Surviving Spouse or, if applicable, by a spousal Alternate Payee, pursuant to Section 5.2(c).
- **"Rollover Contributions"** means a cash amount contributed by a Participant, Beneficiary who is a Participant's Surviving Spouse or Alternate Payee to a Rollover Account, or if applicable, an Alternate Payee Account determined as an Eligible Rollover Distribution in accordance with Code Section 402(c)(4), and provided that the distributing Eligible Retirement Plan shall have separately accounted for all amounts included in the Rollover Contribution.
- "Roth 457(b) Account" means the Account(s) established under the Plan to record a Participant's Roth 457(b) Contributions, and the income, gains, and losses credited thereto. A Beneficiary Account or Alternate Payee Account corresponding to the deceased or relevant Participant's Roth 457(b) Contributions may also be referred to as a Roth 457(b) Account.
- "**Roth 457(b) Contributions**" means amounts contributed pursuant to Section 3.1 by a Participant who is an Employee of a Designated Roth Employer, which amounts are:
 - a) Designated irrevocably by the Participant at the time of the contribution election as Roth 457(b) Contributions that are being made from Compensation pursuant to Section 3.1(c); and

b) Treated by the Designated Roth Employer as includible in the Participant's income at the time the Participant would have received that amount in Compensation.

"**Roth IRA**" has the meaning set forth in Section 408A of the Code. Roth IRA Rollover Contributions are not permitted in the Plan.

"Section 457 Transfer" means a transfer made into an Account pursuant to Section 8.5.

"Severance from Employment" means the date that the Employee dies, retires, or otherwise has a severance from employment with the Employer, as determined by the Executive Officer and taking into account guidance issued under Section 457 of the Code.

"Special Section 457 Catch-up Contributions" means the catch-up contribution for a Participant in the three consecutive years prior to the year in which the Participant reaches Normal Retirement Age, as permitted under Code Section 457(b)(3) and pursuant to Section 3.2 (b).

"State" means State of Nevada.

"Surviving Spouse" means the survivor of a deceased Participant to whom such Participant was legally married on the date of the Participant's death. No later than June 26, 2013, for all purposes under the Plan, the term "spouse" shall include an individual married to a person of the same sex if the individual was lawfully married to a Participant under applicable laws of the state in which the marriage was celebrated, and the term "marriage" shall include such a marriage between individuals of the same sex that was validly entered into in a state whose laws authorize the marriage of two individuals of the same sex regardless of where such individuals are domiciled.

"Treasury Regulations" means the regulations promulgated by the Treasury Department under the Code, as now in effect or as hereafter amended. All citations to sections of the Treasury Regulations are to such sections as they may from time to time be amended or renumbered.

"Trust Agreement" means a written agreement (or declaration) entered into in respect of the Plan between the State of Nevada and one or more Trustees pursuant to which all cash and other rights and properties and all income attributable to such cash and rights and properties are held in a Trust Fund, as such agreement may be amended from time to time.

"**Trust Fund**" means the assets of the Plan, including cash and other rights and properties arising from Amounts Deferred or Contributed, Section 457 Transfers and Rollover Contributions which are held and administered by the Trustee created pursuant to and under the Trust Agreement.

"**Trustee**" means the trustee or trustees duly appointed and currently serving under the Trust Agreement, and any successors thereto.

"Unforeseeable Emergency Distribution" An unforeseeable emergency is defined as a severe financial hardship of the Participant resulting from: an illness or accident of the

Participant, the Participant's spouse, or the Participant's dependent (as defined in section 152(a)); loss of the Participant's property due to casualty (including the need to rebuild a home following damage to a home not otherwise covered by homeowner's insurance, *e.g.*, as a result of a natural disaster); the need to pay for the funeral expenses of the Participant's spouse or dependent (as defined in section 152(a) of the Code); or other similar extraordinary and unforeseeable circumstances arising as a result of events beyond the control of the Participant. For example, the imminent foreclosure of or eviction from the Participant's primary residence may constitute an unforeseeable emergency. In addition, the need to pay for medical expenses, including non-refundable deductibles, as well as for the cost of prescription drug medication, may constitute an unforeseeable emergency. Except as otherwise specifically provided in this Section 7.1, neither the purchase of a home nor the payment of college tuition is an unforeseeable emergency.

"Valuation Date" means each Business Day that the New York Stock Exchange is open unless otherwise provided in the Plan.

ARTICLE II - PARTICIPATION

2.1 Enrollment

- a) <u>Eligibility and Enrollment</u>. Each Employee shall be eligible to participate in the Plan and defer Compensation hereunder immediately upon becoming employed by an eligible and authorized Employer, and shall commence such participation in the Plan by filing a Participation Agreement, pursuant to Section 2.1(c), and any enrollment forms or other pertinent information concerning the Employee and his or her Beneficiary with the Administrative Staff, or directly with the Plan's Recordkeeper in a manner prescribed and adopted by the Committee or Executive Officer. In no event shall any deferral or contribution be accepted until the first administratively possible payroll period that is on or after the first day of the calendar month following the month in which such Participation Agreement is filed. Deferrals and contributions may be accepted for newly hired Employees for the first administratively possible pay period in which the individual first becomes an Employee must be transferred to a trust within a period that is not longer than is reasonable for the proper administration of the accounts (if any). (Treas. Reg. Section 1.457-8(a)(2)(ii))
- b) <u>Information Provided by the Participant.</u> Each Employee enrolling in the Plan should provide to the Administrative Staff at the time of initial enrollment, and later if there are any changes, any information necessary or advisable for the Administrative Staff to administer the plan, including, without limitation, whether the Employee is a participant in any other eligible plan under Code section 457(b) or that the Executive Officer determines is necessary or advisable for the administration of the Plan or to comply with applicable law.
- c) <u>Election Required for Participation</u>. An Employee may elect to become a Participant by executing an election to defer a portion of his or her Compensation (and have that amount contributed as an Annual Deferral on his or her behalf) and filing it with the Administrative Staff. This participation election shall be made on the authorized

Participation Agreement provided by the Executive Officer under which the Employee agrees to be bound by all the terms and conditions of the Plan. The Committee may establish a minimum deferral amount, and may change such minimums from time to time. The participation election shall also include designation of investment funds and a designation of Beneficiary. Any such election shall remain in effect until a new election is filed.

- d) <u>Contributions Made Promptly</u>. Annual Deferrals by the Participant under the Plan shall be transferred to the Trust Fund within a period that is not longer than is reasonable for the proper administration of the Participant's Account Balance. For this purpose, annual Deferrals shall be treated as contributed within a period that is not longer than is reasonable for the proper administration if the contribution is made to the Trust Fund within 15 business days following the end of the month in which the amount would otherwise have been paid to the Participant.
- e) Amendment of Annual Deferrals Election. Subject to other provisions of the Plan, a Participant may at any time revise his or her participation election, including a change of the amount of his or her annual Deferrals, his or her investment direction and his or her designated Beneficiary. Unless the election specifies a later effective date, a change in the amount of the annual Deferrals shall take effect as soon as administratively practicable. A change in the investment direction shall take effect as of the date provided by the Executive Officer on a uniform basis for all Employees. A change in the Beneficiary designation shall take effect when the election is accepted by the Administrative Staff or Recordkeeper.
- f) <u>Leave of Absence</u>. Unless an election is otherwise revised, if a Participant is absent from work by leave of absence, annual Deferrals under the Plan shall continue to the extent that Compensation continues.
- g) <u>Disability</u>. A disabled Participant may elect annual Deferrals during any portion of the period of his or her disability to the extent that he or she has actual Compensation (not imputed Compensation and not disability benefits) from which to make contributions to the Plan and has not had a Severance from Employment.

2.2 Voluntary Participation.

Participation in the Plan by Employees shall be voluntary.

2.3 Cessation of Participation.

The participation of a Participant shall cease upon payment to the Participant of the entire value of his or her Account or upon the Participant's death prior to such payment.

2.4 Corrective Action.

If an individual is erroneously included or excluded from participation, corrective action will be taken as soon as administratively practicable to correct such erroneous inclusion or exclusion.

ARTICLE III - CONTRIBUTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

3.1 Participant Deferrals and Contribution Authorization.

- a) <u>Initial Authorization</u>. A Participant may elect to defer or contribute Compensation under the Plan by authorizing, on the authorized Participation Agreement provided by the Executive Officer regular payroll deductions or contributions that do not individually or in the aggregate exceed the limitations in Section 3.2 and pursuant to the parameters listed in Section 2.1(a).
- b) Modifications. A Participant may increase or decrease the rate of deferral or contribution of his or her Compensation, and may make separate elections with respect to the increase and decrease of the rate of his or her Before-Tax Deferrals and Roth 457(b) Contributions, within the limitations set forth in Section 3.2, by filing a new or modified Participation Agreement, or such other form authorized by the Executive Officer with the Administrative Staff which shall be reflective in the first pay period as soon as administratively practicable.
- c) Roth 457(b) Contribution. Effective January 1, 2012 and thereafter, a Participant who is an Employee of a Designated Roth Employer shall be permitted to make Roth 457(b) Contributions from his or her Compensation by designating an amount of his or her initial authorization or modification authorization described in Sections 3.1(a) and 3.1(b) as Roth 457(b) Contributions, which designation shall be reflective the as soon as administratively practicable.
- d) <u>Discontinuance or Suspension</u>. A Participant may discontinue or temporarily suspend his or her Deferrals or contributions, and may make separate elections with respect to discontinuance or suspension of his or her Before-Tax Deferrals and Roth 457(b) Contributions, by giving notice thereof to their respective authorized payroll center, , NDC Administrative Staff, or Recordkeeper. The deferral or contribution shall be discontinued or suspended to reflect the first administratively possible payroll period that is on or after the date such Participation Agreement is filed.

e) Employer Contributions.

Nothing in this Plan prohibits the Employer from making deposits to a Participant's Account as an additional compensation for services rendered, subject to the Participant's contribution limit.

3.2 General Deferral and Contribution Limitations and Catch-Up Limitations.

- a) <u>In General.</u> The aggregate amount of Before-Tax Deferrals and Roth 457(b) Contributions that may be deferred or contributed by a Participant for any Plan Year shall not exceed the lesser of:
 - i. An amount as may be permitted pursuant to Section 457(e)(15) of the Code, and
 - ii. 100% of Participant's Includible Compensation for the Plan Year

Provided, however, the maximum amount that a Participant may defer or contribute for any Plan Year may be calculated after accounting for mandatory and permissive payroll deductions, as reasonably determined by the Employer.

- b) 457 Special Catch-Up Contributions. In any one or more of a Participant's last three calendar years ending before the year in which the Participant attains Normal Retirement Age, the Participant may elect to make Deferrals in an amount not exceeding the lesser of (1) twice the dollar amount permitted as a general deferral under Section 3.1 or (2) the sum of the maximum deferral permitted under Section 3.1 for the current tax year and as much of the applicable deferral limit under Code Section 457(b)(2) in prior years before the current tax year that had not previously been used ("underutilized amount"). For purposes of this Section, a prior year will be taken into account only if such year began after December 31, 1978, and the Participant was eligible to participate in the Plan during all or a portion of the prior year. A Participant may only make this election under this subsection once with respect to any plan under Code Section 457(b) of the Employer.
- c) In determining a Participant's underutilized amount, the Plan will take into consideration:
 - (1) Prior to 2002, if a Participant made Deferrals to the Plan and deferrals to any other plan under Code Section 457(b), salary reduction contributions made to plans under Code Section 401(k), plans under Code Section 403(b), simplified employee pension (SARSEP) plans under Code Section 402(h)(1), simple retirement accounts under Code Section 408(p), and amounts deferred under any plan for which a deduction is allowed because of a contribution to an organization described in Code Section 501(c)(18), such deferrals to the other plans will be taken into account in determining a Participant's underutilized amount under Code Section 457(b)(2). In addition, Includible Compensation will be limited to the limitation in effect in the calendar year in which the deferrals were made. If such deferrals cumulatively exceed the then-applicable dollar amount in Code Section 457(b)(2) in the year that such amounts were deferred, then there will be no underutilized amount for that year.
 - (2) To the extent that the Employer did not maintain a plan under Code Section 457(b), no underutilized limitation is available to a Participant for that prior year.

- (3) After 2001, only deferrals to plans under Code Section 457(b) will be taken into account for purposes of determining the underutilized amount.
- (4) Age 50 Plus Catch-Up Contributions will not be taken into account for purposes of determining a Participant's underutilized amount.
- d) Age 50 Catch-Up. All Participants who have attained age 50 before the close of a Plan Year and who are not permitted to defer or contribute additional Compensation pursuant to Section 3.2(b) for such Plan Year, due to the application limitation imposed by the Code or the Plan, shall be eligible to make additional catch-up contributions in the form of Before-Tax Deferrals or Roth 457(b) Contributions or a combination thereof in accordance with, and subject to, the limitations of Section 3.2(c) of the Plan and Section 414(v) of the Code. Age 50 catch-up contributions pursuant to Section 3.2(c) shall not exceed the lesser of:
 - The excess of the 100% of Participant's Includible Compensation for the Plan Year, over the sum of any other Amounts Deferred or Contributed by the Participant for such Plan Year; and
 - ii. An amount as may be permitted by Section 414(v) (2) (B) of the Code.
- e) <u>Dual Eligibility.</u> Notwithstanding anything in Section 3.2(b) and (c) to the contrary, if a Participant who is eligible to make additional catch-up contribution under 3.2(c) for a Plan Year in which the Participant has elected to make a catch-up contribution under Section 3.2(b), such Participant is entitled to the greater of:
- i. The 457 catch-up contribution amount under Section 3.2(b); and
- ii. The age 50 catch-up contribution under Section 3.2(c).
- f) Excess Contributions and Deferrals. In the event that any Amounts Deferred or Contributed under the Plan for any Plan Year exceed the limitations provided for in Section 3.2, any such excess Deferrals or contributions shall be distributed to the Participant with allocable net income, in the following order (unless otherwise directed by the Participant): first, from Before-Tax Deferrals and second, from Roth 457(b) Contributions, as determined in accordance with methods and procedures established by the Recordkeeper, as soon as practicable after the Recordkeeper, payroll center or Administrative Staff determines that the amount was an excess deferral or contribution. Distributions under Section 3.2(e) will be reportable as taxable income to the extent required by applicable law.

3.3 Military Service.

a) <u>USERRA</u>. In accordance with the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act of 1994 (USERRA), an Employee whose employment is interrupted by qualified military service under Code Section 414(u) or who is on a leave of absence for qualified military service under Code Section 414(u) may elect to make additional Amounts Deferred or Contributed upon resumption of employment with the Employer equal to the maximum amount that the Employee could have elected during that period if the Employee's employment with the Employer had continued (at the same level of Compensation) without the interruption or leave, reduced by the such amounts, if any, actually made for the Employee during the period of the interruption or leave. This right

- applies for five years following the resumption of employment, or if sooner, for a period equal to three times the period of the interruption or leave.
- b) HEART Act. Effective for deaths occurring on or after January 1, 2007, if a Participant dies while performing qualified military service (as defined in Code Section 414(u)(5)), this Plan shall provide all applicable benefits required in accordance with Code Section 401(a)(37), but the provisions of Code Section 414(u)(9) shall not apply to this Plan. Under Section 401(a)(37), qualified retirement Plans must provide that, in the case of a participant who dies while performing qualified military service, the survivors of the participant are entitled to any additional benefits (other than benefit accruals relating to the period of qualified military service) that would have been provided under the Plan had the participant resumed employment and then terminated employment on account of death.

ARTICLE IV - INVESTMENT OF AMOUNTS DEFERRED OR CONTRIBUTED AND ROLLOVER CONTRIBUTIONS

4.1 Remittance of Deferrals and Contributions

All Amounts Deferred or Contributed in accordance with Article III shall be paid by the applicable Employer or payroll center as promptly as possible to the Recordkeeper. Thereafter, Amounts Deferred or Contributed shall be invested by the Recordkeeper, in accordance with the investment instructions, as soon as administratively practicable.

4.2 Allocation of Deferrals and Contributions.

A Participant who has enrolled in the Plan pursuant to Article II shall, by filing a direction with the Recordkeeper in writing or in such other manner as the Executive Officer may authorize, specify the percentages (in multiples of one percent) of his or her Amounts Deferred or Contributed that shall be allocated to each Investment Option made available by the Committee. A Participant's investment allocation elections shall be applied in the same manner to both Before-Tax Deferrals and Roth 457(b) Contributions. All such Deferrals and contributions shall be invested by the Recordkeeper in the Investment Options in accordance with such direction(s) as soon as administratively practicable.

4.3 Continuation of Deferral and Contribution Allocation.

Any deferral and contribution allocation direction given by a Participant shall be deemed to be a continuing direction until changed by the Participant. A Participant may change his or her deferral or contribution allocation direction with respect to future Amounts Deferred or Contributed, by completing and submitting a newly executed Participation Agreement or in such other manner as the Executive Officer may authorize to the Recordkeeper or Administrative Staff. Any change to a Participant's deferral and contribution allocation direction shall be applied in the same manner to both Before-Tax Deferrals and Roth 457(b) Contributions. All such future Deferrals and contributions shall be invested by the Recordkeeper in the Investment Options in accordance with such changed direction.

4.4 Transfer of Assets among Investment Options.

- a) Transfer of Assets. As of any Valuation Date, a Participant may direct the Recordkeeper, by giving notice in writing or in such other manner as the Executive Officer may authorize, to liquidate his or her interest in any of the Investment Options and transfer the proceeds thereof to one or more other Investment Options in proportions directed by such Participant. Participants may make separate transfer directions for their Before-Tax Deferrals (and Accounts relating to Rollover Contributions involving Before-Tax Deferrals) and their Roth 457(b) Accounts (and Accounts relating to Rollover Contributions involving Roth Contributions). Such direction must be made in accordance with the requirements and procedures established by the Committee and in effect at the time and in multiple of one percent or one dollar increments of the Participant's interest in the applicable Investment Option.
- b) Committee's Right to Reduce or Deny Transfer Request. If the Recordkeeper, or the Committee otherwise determines, that it is not reasonably able to prudently liquidate the necessary amount and transfer it from one Investment Option to another, the amount to be transferred with respect to each Participant who duly requested such a transfer may be reduced in proportion to the ratio which the aggregate amount that the Recordkeeper has advised the Committee may not prudently be transferred bears to the aggregate amount that all Participants have duly requested be so transferred. Regardless of any Participant's investment direction, no transfer between Investment Options may be made in violation of any restriction imposed by the terms of the agreement between the Committee or Recordkeeper providing any Investment Option or of any applicable law.

4.5 Administrative Actions with Regard to Investment Directions.

The Recordkeeper shall have the right to decline to implement any investment direction upon its determination that: (i) the person giving the direction is legally incompetent to do so; (ii) implementation of the investment direction would be contrary to the Plan or applicable law or governmental ruling or regulation; (iii) implementation of the investment direction would be contrary to a court order, including a Qualified Domestic Relations Order; (iv) implementation of the investment direction would be contrary to the rules, regulations or prospectuses of the Investment Options.

4.6 Participant Responsibility for Deferrals, Contributions and Investment Allocations. Each Participant is responsible for the allocation of his or her Amounts Deferred or Contributed, and each Participant is solely responsible for the investment allocation of his or her Account, in each case, in and among the Investment Options. Each Participant shall assume all risk in connection with the allocation of amounts in and among the Investment Options and for any losses incurred or deemed to be incurred as a result of the Participant's allocation or failure to allocate any amount the Participant's allocation or failure to allocate any amount to an Investment Option or any decrease in the value of any Investment Option. The Committee, Executive Officer, Administrative Staff and Recordkeeper are not empowered or authorized to advise a Participant as to the manner in which the Participant's Account shall be allocated among the Investment Options. The fact that a particular Investment Option is available to Participants for investment under the Plan shall not be construed by any Participant as a recommendation for investment in such Investment Option. If the Committee has elected to make available investment guidance services or investment advice services to Participant such services shall be utilized only at the voluntary election of the Participant, and shall not limit the

Participant's responsibility under Section 4.6 for the allocation of his or her Accounts in and among the Investment Options.

4.7 Investment Allocation of Alternate Payee Accounts.

Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan, during any period when an Alternate Payee Account is created and segregated on behalf of an Alternate Payee pursuant to a Qualified Domestic Relations Order from the Accounts of the related Participant, the Alternate Payee shall be entitled to direct the allocation of investments of such Alternate Payee Account in accordance with Sections 4.2 and 4.4, as applicable, and shall be subject to the provisions of Sections 4.5 and 4.6, but only to the extent provided in such order. In the event that an Alternate Payee fails to specify an investment direction on the date of creation of the Alternate Payee Account pursuant to Section 4.9, such Alternate Payee's Alternate Payee Account shall be invested in the same manner as the relevant Participant's corresponding Before-Tax Deferral Account, Roth 457(b) Account and Rollover Accounts on such date and, except as otherwise provided by the Qualified Domestic Relations Order, shall remain invested in accordance with such initial allocation until the Alternate Payee directs otherwise or until such time as the Alternate Payee ceases to have an Alternate Payee Account under the Plan by reason of distribution or otherwise.

4.8 Investment Allocation of Beneficiary Accounts.

Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan, during any period following the death of a Participant and prior to distribution of the entire Account(s) of such Participant, such Participant's Beneficiary shall be entitled to direct the allocation of investments of such Account(s) in accordance with Section 4.4, or, as applicable, his or her proportional interest in such Account(s), in accordance with Section 4.4 and shall be subject to the provisions of Sections 4.5 and 4.6. In the event that a Beneficiary fails to specify an investment direction on the date of creation of the Beneficiary Account pursuant to Section 4.4, such Beneficiary's Beneficiary Account shall be invested in the same manner as the relevant Participant's corresponding Before-Tax Deferral Account, Roth 457(b) Account and Rollover Accounts on such date.

<u>4.9 Initial and Ongoing Investment Allocation with Respect to Rollover Contributions and Section 457 Transfers.</u>

Unless otherwise directed by the Participant, the same deferral and contribution allocation direction applicable to a Participant pursuant to Sections 4.2 or 4.3, as applicable shall apply to all Section 457 Transfers and Rollover Contributions. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in accordance with procedures established by the Recordkeeper, a Participant may make an alternative initial allocation election in accordance with the procedures set forth in Section 4.4 for any applicable Section 457 Transfer or Rollover Contribution. Thereafter, such Participant may direct the Recordkeeper to liquidate his or her interest in any of the Investment Options and transfer the proceeds thereof to one or more other Investment Options in accordance with Section 4.4 (in each case subject to the limitations set forth in Sections 4.5 and 4.6). All Rollover Contributions shall be invested by the Recordkeeper in the Investment Options in accordance with such directions as soon as administratively practicable.

4.10 Fund Mapping or Similar Activity.

Notwithstanding anything in Article IV to the contrary, if the Committee eliminates one or more of the Investment Options or undertakes similar activity on behalf of the Plan, the Committee shall be authorized to liquidate without a Participant's consent and without the need for prior

notice to the Participant the portion of each Account invested in such eliminated Investment Option and direct the proceeds of such liquidation in one or more remaining or replacement Investment Options in accordance with such liquidation and transfer procedures as the Committee may determine to be necessary or advisable in connection with such elimination.

4.11 Employer Contributions.

Nothing in this Plan prohibits the Employer from making deposits to a Participant's Account as an additional Compensation for services rendered, subject to the Participant's contribution limit.

ARTICLE V - ROLLOVERS AND TRANSFERS

5.1 Transfers from another Governmental 457 Plan.

Compensation previously deferred or contributed by (or contributed on behalf of) a Participant, a Beneficiary or a spousal Alternate Payee pursuant to another eligible deferred Compensation plan under Section 457 of the Code maintained by another employer described in Section 457(e)(1)(A) of the Code shall be accepted for a plan-to-plan transfer to the Plan by the Recordkeeper in the form and in the manner prescribed by the Committee. All such Section 457 Transfers shall be credited to the applicable Participant's corresponding Before-Tax Deferral Account or Roth 457(b) Account (or a combination thereof) and shall be invested in accordance with Section 4.9.

5.2 Acceptance of Assets from an Eligible Retirement Plan.

- a) Rollover Contributions in General: Amounts previously deferred or contributed by (or contributed on behalf of) a Participant, a Beneficiary or a spousal Alternate Payee under another Eligible Retirement Plan (other than a Roth IRA) that (i) are distributed to the Participant, the Beneficiary or the spousal Alternate Payee or (ii) are directly rolled over to the Plan as an eligible rollover distribution from such Eligible Retirement Plan, may be accepted as a Rollover Contribution by the Recordkeeper in the form and in the manner specified by the Recordkeeper; provided, that Rollover Contributions of amounts from a Qualified Roth Contribution Program must be directly rolled over to the Plan. Notwithstanding the foregoing, other than Rollover Contributions from a Qualified Roth Contribution Program as described in the preceding sentence, the Recordkeeper shall not accept any Rollover Contribution, or any portion thereof, that represents deferrals or contributions under another Eligible Retirement Plan that were made from Compensation that was included in the Participant, Beneficiary or spousal Alternate Payee's gross income in the year the amounts were deferred or contributed.
- b) Written Request; Acceptance of Assets: The Recordkeeper, in accordance with the Code and procedures established by the Committee, shall, as soon as practicable following its receipt of the written request of a Participant, a Beneficiary who is a Participant's Surviving Spouse or spousal Alternate Payee, determine whether the Rollover Contribution shall be accepted by the Plan. Any written request filed by a Participant, a Beneficiary who is a Participant's Surviving Spouse or a spousal Alternate Payee pursuant to Section 5.2(a) shall set forth the fair market value of such Rollover Contribution and a statement in a form satisfactory to the Recordkeeper that the amount to be transferred constitutes a Rollover Contribution.
- c) Rollover Account: The Rollover Contribution shall be maintained in a separate, fully vested Rollover Account for the benefit of the contributing Participant or the Beneficiary

and, in the case of a spousal Alternate Payee, the Alternate Payee Account, and shall be invested in accordance with the investment direction of the applicable Participant pursuant to Section 4.9. All amounts so transferred shall be credited to the Participant's Rollover Account or Alternate Payee Account and shall be available for distribution at any time during the Plan Year. No other contributions shall be allocated to the Rollover Account. Any Rollover Contributions of amounts from a Qualified Roth Contribution Program shall be segregated and held in a separately designated and maintained Rollover Account from those amounts not from a Qualified Roth Contribution Program. At the election of the Participant, Beneficiary who is a Participant's Surviving Spouse or spousal Alternate Payee, any Rollover Contributions or 457 Transfers from an eligible deferred Compensation plan under Section 457(b) of the Code may be held in separately designated and maintained Rollover Accounts for 457(b) Rollover Contributions; provided that any such amounts from a Qualified Roth Contribution Program and any such amounts not from a Qualified Roth Contribution Program shall be segregated and held in separately designated and maintained 457(b) Rollover Accounts.

5.3 Rollover of Assets to Purchase Retirement Service Credit.

With respect to trustee-to-trustee transfers, a Participant or Beneficiary may elect, in accordance with procedures established by the Committee, to have all or any portion of the value of his or her Account transferred to the trustee of a defined benefit governmental plan as described in Section 414(d) of the Code; *provided, however*, that such transfer is for the purchase of permissive service credit (as defined in Section 415(n)(3)(A) of the Code) under such plan or a repayment of contributions and earnings with respect to a forfeiture of service under such plan.

ARTICLE VI - ACCOUNTS AND RECORDS OF THE PLAN

6.1 Participant Accounts.

- a) <u>In General</u>. The Committee shall establish and maintain one or more Accounts for each Participant, including a Before-Tax Deferral Account, a Roth 457(b) Account (to the extent applicable) and, as necessary, one or more Rollover Accounts (including a segregated Rollover Account relating to contributions from a Qualified Roth Contribution Program) with respect to each Participant. Each Account shall record the value of the portion allocable to that Account, the value of the portion of the Account, if any, that is invested in each Investment Option (both in the aggregate and by Account) and other relevant data pertaining thereto. With respect to each Participant, all Amounts Deferred or Contributed, all Section 457 Transfers and all Rollover Contributions shall be credited to his or her Before-Tax Deferral Account, Roth 457(b) Account or Rollover Account, as applicable.
- b) Written Statement. Each Participant shall be furnished with a written statement of his or her Accounts (including the value of the interest he or she has, if any, in each Investment Option and the amount of and explanation for each allocation to or deduction from his or her Accounts) at least quarterly, which statement shall be delivered in a manner prescribed by the Committee.

6.2 Beneficiary Accounts.

The Recordkeeper shall establish and maintain one or more Beneficiary Accounts, including, as applicable, separate Before-Tax Deferral Accounts, Roth 457(b) Accounts, and Rollover

Accounts with respect to each Beneficiary of a deceased Participant. Each such Account shall record the value of the portion of the deceased Participant's Account allocable to each of the Beneficiary's Accounts, the value of the portion of the Account, if any, that is invested in each Investment Option (both in the aggregate and by Account) and other relevant data pertaining thereto. Each Beneficiary shall be furnished with a written statement of his or her Accounts in the same manner set forth in Section 6.1(b).

6.3 Alternate Payee Accounts.

The Recordkeeper shall establish and maintain one or more Alternate Payee Accounts, including, as applicable, separate Before-Tax Deferral Accounts, Roth 457(b) Accounts, and Rollover Accounts with respect to each Alternate Payee. The Alternate Payee Account shall separately account for all amounts received (i) from the Participant's Rollover Account and (ii) from all amounts rolled into the Plan by a spousal Alternate Payee, pursuant to Sections 5.1 or 5.2. Each such Account shall record the value of the portion of the Participant's Account allocable to the Alternate Payee's Account, the value of the portion of the Account, if any, that is invested in each Investment Option (both in the aggregate and by Account) and other relevant data pertaining thereto. Each Alternate Payee shall be furnished with a written statement of his or her Alternate Payee Accounts in the same manner set forth in Section 6.1(b).

6.4 Investment Options and Investment Funds.

The Trust Fund shall be invested at the direction of Participants, in accordance with Article IV, in and among the Investment Options made available through the Plan from time to time by the Committee. Investment Options may include a brokerage account or similar investment window through which Participants may direct the investment of their Accounts into Mutual Funds (as defined below) or other available investment products that the Committee designates as available for investment through such window and any other investment alternative that the Committee may make available through the Plan. Investment Funds may consist of open-end investment companies registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended ("Mutual Funds"), separately managed accounts, unregistered commingled funds, group or commingled trusts, or any combination thereof as approved from time to time by the Committee for the investment of the assets of the Trust Fund.

ARTICLE VII - WITHDRAWALS FOR UNFORESEEN EMERGENCIES; WITHDRAWALS OF SMALL AMOUNTS

- 7.1 Distribution for an Unforeseeable Emergency.
- 1) A Participant or Beneficiary may request an Unforeseeable Emergency Distribution subject to the following requirements:
 - a) The request for an Unforeseeable Emergency Distribution will be processed by the Recordkeeper under the direction of the Executive Officer based on the requirements of the Plan and Code on the Participant's or Beneficiary's relevant facts, circumstances and parameters listed in the Plan Document.
 - b) The request for an Unforeseeable Emergency may be made only to the extent that such emergency is or may not be relieved through:
 - i) reimbursement or compensation from insurance or otherwise;
 - ii) liquidation of the Participant's or Beneficiary's assets, to the extent the liquidation of such assets would not itself cause severe financial hardship; or
 - iii) cessation of the Participant's Deferrals to the Plan.
 - c) In accordance with Section 8.1(e), a Participant must take a distribution of his or her Rollover Account before the Participant may be eligible to request a distribution for an Unforeseeable Emergency.
 - d) Distributions due to an Unforeseeable Emergency must be limited to the amount reasonably necessary to satisfy the emergency need (which may include any amounts necessary to pay federal, state, or local income taxes or penalties reasonably anticipated to result from the distribution).
- 2) A Participant or Beneficiary may request an Unforeseeable Emergency withdrawal by submitting that request in writing on the Plan's approved form to the Administrative Staff or directly to the Recordkeeper, who will review and approve the request. If the request is denied, a request for review of the determination may be made in writing to Executive Officer. If the Executive Officer's review of the determination fails to confirm a claim of Unforeseeable Emergency, an appeal may be made to the Committee in writing. If at any time a request of an Unforeseeable Emergency withdrawal is approved, the Executive Officer may direct the Recordkeeper to distribute so much of the Participant Account as is necessary to provide the amount approved to meet the Unforeseeable Emergency, as determined by the Committee.
- 3) Unforeseeable Emergency withdrawals will be made in accordance with the procedures established by the Committee.

7.2 Distribution from a Small Inactive Account.

- a) A Participant with an Account, not including the amount in the Participant's Rollover Accounts, of \$5,000 or less (or such greater amount as may be permitted by Section 401(a)(11) of the Code) may elect at any time to receive a lump sum distribution, not to exceed \$5,000, of his or her Account and Rollover Account, which distribution will be made in accordance with procedures established by the Recordkeeper, *provided* that both of the following conditions have been met: (a) there has been no Amount Deferred or Contributed by such Participant during the two-year period ending on the date of distribution; and (b) there has been no prior distribution made to such Participant pursuant to this Section 7.2.
- b) At any time, the Committee can direct the Recordkeeper, under the direction and oversight of the Executive Officer, to automatically cash out a participant's Account if a Participant's Account:
 - i. Does not exceed \$1,000; and
 - ii. Participant has separated from service, but not elected a distribution.

7.3 Loans to State of Nevada Employees

- a) Participants employed by the State of Nevada, Participants who have retired or separated service from the State of Nevada, or Alternate Payee(s) and/or Beneficiary(s) of a Participant who is currently or was previously employed by the State of Nevada may receive a loan from their 457(b) Elective Deferral Account. Any such loan may not be for an amount less than one-thousand dollars (\$1,000.00). Unless authorized and directed by the Committee, Participants, Beneficiary(s), or Alternate Payee(s) who are currently or were previously employed by the Nevada System of Higher Education or an authorized and participating Political Sub-Division are not authorized to receive loans from their 457(b) Elective Deferral Account.
- b) The Recordkeeper, in accordance with the Committee's direction and under the direction and oversight of the Executive Officer, may make loans to Participants or Alternate Payee(s) and/or Beneficiary(s) of a Participant who is currently or was previously employed by the State of Nevada under the following circumstances: (1) loans will be made available to all State of Nevada Participants on a reasonably equivalent basis; (2) loans will bear a reasonable rate of interest, i.e., prime plus one percent; (3) loans will be adequately secured; and (4) will provide for periodic repayment over a reasonable period of time not to exceed 57 months for general purpose loans and up to ten years (120 months) for qualified residential loans.
- c) Pursuant to IRC Section 72(p), no loan made pursuant to this Section will exceed the lesser of:
 - a) One-half (1/2) of the value of the State Participant's Account balance; or
 - b) Fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000).
- d) The terms of the loan shall:
 - a) Require level amortization with payments to be made not less frequently than monthly; except for
 - a. A borrower who is on a leave of absence for the performance of uniformed service within the meaning of Section 414(u) of the Internal Revenue Code may elect to suspend payment for the period of uniformed service. If the borrower so elects, then upon the borrower's return from uniformed service, the loan repayment period shall be extended by a period equal to the length of the uniformed service.

b) Require the loan to be repaid over a period not to exceed 57 months. However, loans used to acquire any dwelling unit which, within a reasonable time, is to be used (determined at the time the loan is made) as a principal residence of the State of Nevada Participant will, provide for periodic repayment over a reasonable period of up to ten (10) years (120 months).

e) Security for loan; default

- a) Any security interest held by the Plan by reason of an outstanding loan to the Participant will be taken into account in determining the amount of the death benefit or single lump-sum payment
- b) Default. In the event that a Participant fails to make a loan payment by the last business day of the calendar month following the calendar month in which the payment is due, a default on the loan shall occur. In the event of such default:
 - a. All remaining payments on the loan shall be immediately due and payable;
 - b. The Participant shall not be allowed to initiate another loan from the Plan until the defaulted amount is repaid; and
 - c. A default may be considered a taxable event.

f) Repayment

- a) The Participant shall be required, as a condition to receiving a loan, to enter into an agreement authorizing the Recordkeeper, in accordance with the Committee's direction, to establish and make automatic monthly (ACH) deductions from the Participant's personal bank account only.
- b) Notwithstanding paragraph 1, a Participant may prepay the entire outstanding balance of his/her loan at any time, in whole or in part, provided that a partial prepayment shall not change the payment schedule or the interest rate on the loan.
- c) If any automatic monthly (ACH) deductions cannot be made in full because of insufficient funds or due to a closed, suspended, or restricted bank account, the Participant shall pay directly to the Plan's Recordkeeper the full amount that would have been deducted from the Participant's bank account, with such payment to be made by the last business day of the calendar month in which the amount would have been deducted. The Participant would be required to reestablish the automatic monthly (ACH) deductions from the Participant's personal bank account with the Plan's Recordkeeper prior to the next amortized scheduled draft date or be considered in default.

q) Loan Fees

a) The Recordkeeper, in accordance with the Committee's direction, will charge and collect a one-time loan fee of one-hundred, twenty-five dollars (\$125.00) for each loan, of which a fee of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) will be reimbursed back to the Plan by the Recordkeeper to cover any expense incurred by the Plan in operating the loan program. The loan Fee will be deducted from the Participant's Account balance.

h) Loan Authorization

- a) The Recordkeeper, in accordance with the Committee's direction, will authorize loans, based on the loan provisions in the IRC Section 72(p), corresponding regulations and terms of the loan program and NDC Plan Document.
- i) The Committee may establish such rules with respect to the loan program as the Committee deems advisable, including without limitation, rules regarding the number of

- loans that may be outstanding for any Participant at any time. Maximum number of loans that may be outstanding at any time, regardless of type, is one (1).
- j) Loans are not available from an Employee's Roth Elective Deferral Account, but these Roth 457(b) Accounts may be taken into account in determining the maximum loan that a Participant may obtain under the provisions of this Section.
- k) Coronavirus Related Loan- From March 27, 2020 through September 23, 2020, participant may apply for and receive a second general purpose loan from the balance of his or her account up to a maximum \$100,000 or the present value of the nonforfeitable accrued benefit of the employee under the Plan, whichever is less, pursuant and in accordance with the provisions outlined in Section 2202 of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act (CARES Act), provided that the second general purpose loan must satisfy all the requirements and limits applicable under this Section. This provision is applicable to State of Nevada Employees ONLY.
 - a) Pursuant to subsection 7.3(k) above and Section 2202 of the CARES Act, Loan repayment relief is adopted and afforded to Qualified Individuals who take (or have previously taken) Plan Participant loans throughout the remainder of 2020 as well as in accordance of any procedures required by the Plan Administrative Staff and contracted Recordkeeper.

7.4 Coronavirus-Related Distribution (CRD)

a) Effective January 1, 2020 to December 30, 2020, a Participant who meets the criteria of a "Qualified Individual", as such term is defined in Section 2202 of the CARES Act and any amendments thereto, including any later-issued guidance from the IRS, may take up to \$100,000 as a CRD from the Participant's Account prior to Termination of Employment. The Plan Administrative Staff and contracted Recordkeeper may rely on the Participant's certification the Participant meets the eligibility requirements of a qualified individual. Any CRD paid pursuant to this section will be made in accordance with all applicable IRS guidance as it exists at the time of payment from, and any repayment to the Plan.

7.5 Withdrawal for "Qualified Birth of Child or Adoption".

a) Effective January 1, 2021, a participant may take up to \$5,000 as a Qualified Birth or Adoption distribution, as defined by Code Section 72(t)(2)(H)(iii)(I), from the Participant's Account Prior to Termination of Employment. Such distribution must satisfy all requirements of Code Section 72(t)(2)(H) and applicable guidance from IRS, as well as any procedures required by the Plan Administrative Staff and contracted Recordkeeper. A Participant who takes a distribution under this Section 7.4 may repay the distribution to the participant's account in accordance with Code Section 72(t)(2)(H)(iv)(I) and procedures established by the Plan Administrative Staff and contracted Recordkeeper.

Article VIII - DISTRIBUTION FROM THE PLAN AND OTHER ELIGIBLE RETIREMENT PLANS

8.1 Distribution to Participants.

a) <u>Eligibility for Distribution</u>. A Participant will become eligible to receive a distribution of his Account upon the occurrence of any of the following events: (i) the Participant's Severance from Employment with the Employer; (ii) the Participant's attainment of age

- 72; or (iii) the Participant's absence from employment for qualifying military service as described in the HEART Act. Except as otherwise provided in Article VII, a Participant may not receive distribution of his or her Account at any time prior to the occurrence of one of the foregoing events.
- b) <u>Distributions to Participants.</u> Upon a Participant's eligibility for a distribution pursuant to Section 8.1(a), the Participant shall be entitled to receive his or her Account, which shall be paid in cash by the Recordkeeper in accordance with one of the methods described in Section 8.1(c) and as of the commencement date elected by the Participant in accordance with the procedures prescribed Section 8.1(e).
- c) <u>Distribution Options.</u> Subject to Section 8.6, any payment made under this Section shall be made in one of the following methods, as the Participant (or, in the case of the death of a Participant, his or her Beneficiary) may elect any of the following:
 - i. A total or partial lump sum payment.
 - ii. Periodic monthly, quarterly, semi-annual or annual installment payments; provided, however, that a Participant (or, in the case of the death of a Participant, his or her Beneficiary) may elect to receive (A) an initial installment payment in a specified amount and (B) the balance of his or her Account in periodic monthly, quarterly, semi-annual or annual installment payments. Installment payments may consist of (A) fixed amounts paid on each payment date as designated by the Participant (or in the case of the death of a Participant, his or her Beneficiary), or (B) formulaic amounts determined by the Recordkeeper, based on a fixed period designated by the Participant (or in the case of the death of a Participant, his or her Beneficiary), calculated by dividing the Account on the date of the payment by the number of payments remaining during the fixed period.
 - iii. A Participant who elects to receive installment payments or who is currently receiving installment payments pursuant to Section 8.1(c)(ii) may elect, subject to any limitations set forth by the Committee and in accordance with procedures established by the Recordkeeper, to receive a portion of his or her Account distributed in a lump sum; Such lump sum payments shall not result in a discontinuation of subsequent installment payments; *provided, however*, that such subsequent payments may be redetermined in accordance with methods and procedures established by the Recordkeeper.
 - iv. A Participant who is an eligible retired public safety officer, as defined in Section 402(I) of the Code, may elect, at the time and in the manner prescribed by the Recordkeeper, to have up to \$3,000 per year (or such greater amount as may be permitted under applicable guidance issued by the Internal Revenue Service) of amounts from his or her Before-Tax Deferral Account distributable under the Plan used to pay qualified health insurance premiums for an accident or health plan or long-term care insurance contract covering the Participant and his or her spouse and dependents. Such amounts are excludible from the Participant's gross income to the extent the qualified health insurance premiums are paid directly to the provider of the accident or health plan or long-term care insurance contract (determined in

accordance with Section 402(I) of the Code) by deduction from a distribution to the Plan.

v. For each distribution election under Section 8.1(c), a Participant shall designate the percentage of each distribution that will come from his or her Before-Tax Deferral Account and the percentage that will come from his or her Roth 457(b) Account. For the avoidance of doubt, for purposes of the limitations and restrictions described in this Section 8.1(c), each distribution election made by a Participant and each payment made in accordance thereto shall be deemed to be one election and one payment, even if payment is made both from the Participant's Before-Tax Deferral Account and from his or her Roth 457(b) Account.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, a Participant may not elect an installment period extending beyond the longest of (A) his or her life expectancy, (B) if his or her designated Beneficiary is his or her Spouse, the life expectancy of the Participant and his or her Spouse and (C) if his designated Beneficiary is not his or her Spouse, the life expectancy determined using the applicable table contained in the applicable Treasury Regulation.

- d) <u>Distribution Election.</u> In the case of the Participant's Severance from Employment with the Employer, a distribution election made by the Participant shall specify the form of payment as provided in Section 8.1(c) and the date on which payments shall commence, following the Participant's Severance from Employment; *provided, further* that the timing of any distribution must be in compliance with Section 8.6. Subject to Section 8.6, a Participant who is receiving distributions under the Plan may change both the timing and the method of payment elected subject to any limitations set forth by the Committee and in accordance with procedures established by the Recordkeeper.
- e) Rollover Accounts. Notwithstanding any other provision of Section 8.1, a Participant who has one or more Rollover Accounts shall be permitted to withdraw all or any portion of such Rollover Accounts at any time during a Plan Year; provided that such withdrawal shall be paid pursuant to a method of payment elected by the Participant in accordance with Section 8.1(c) and the value of such Rollover Accounts shall be determined in accordance with Section 8.1(d).

8.2 Distributions to Beneficiaries.

If a Participant dies before distribution of his or her Account has commenced, a distribution election made by the Beneficiary shall specify the form of payment as provided in Section 8.1(c) and the date on which payments shall commence. If a Participant dies at any time before his or her entire Account has been distributed, then the Participant's Beneficiary may make subsequent distribution elections as provided in Section 8.1(c). Notwithstanding the foregoing, any distribution to a Beneficiary shall be made in accordance with the provisions of Section 401(a)(9) of the Code and subject to Sections 8.6(d) and (e).

- a) Determination of Benefits Upon Death of a Participant should be carried out in accordance with Section 9.2(a)
 - i. The Plan shall have the authority to retain any funds or property that are subject to any dispute, Beneficiary or otherwise, without liability for the payment of interest, and shall decline to make payment or delivery of such funds or property

until a court of competent jurisdiction makes a final adjudication as to the proper disposition of said funds or property.

The Plan's Recordkeeper and/or appointed legal counsel may require such proper proof of death and such evidence of the right of any person to receive payment of the value of the Participant Account of a deceased Participant or Beneficiary, as the Plan's Recordkeeper and/or legal counsel may deem appropriate.

8.3 Distributions to Alternate Payees.

A distribution to an Alternate Payee may be paid in a single lump sum as soon as practicable following the qualification of the Qualified Domestic Relations Order and the close of all appeals to the Qualified Domestic Relations Order if the Alternate Payee consents to such lump sum distribution. In the event that the Alternate Payee does not consent to receive his or her distribution in a single lump sum as soon as practicable following the qualification of the Qualified Domestic Relations Order, the Alternate Payee may make an election to receive a distribution any time after the Earliest Retirement Date, subject to any requirements of Section 401(a)(9) of the Code and Section 8.6, by filing a distribution election specifying the form of payment as provided in Section 8.1(c) and the date on which payments shall commence.

8.4 Eligible Rollover Distributions.

- a) Participant Rollover Distributions. In connection with a Participant's Severance from Employment, the Distributee may elect, at the time and in the manner prescribed by the Recordkeeper, to have all or any portion of the Participant's Accounts that qualifies as an Eligible Rollover Distribution paid directly to the trustee of an Eligible Retirement Plan; provided that such other plan provides for the acceptance of such amounts by the trustee. The Plan shall provide written information to Distributees regarding Eligible Rollover Distributions to the extent required by Section 402(f) of the Code.
- b) Beneficiary Rollover Distributions. Upon a Participant's death, a Beneficiary may elect, at the time and in the manner prescribed by the Recordkeeper, under the direction of the Committee and Executive Officer as delegated by the Committee to have all or any portion of the Participant's Accounts that qualifies as an Eligible Rollover Distribution paid directly to the trustee of an individual retirement arrangement (as defined in Section 7701(a)(37) of the Code) that is established for the purpose of receiving the distribution on behalf of such Beneficiary and that is treated as an inherited IRA in accordance with Code Section 402(c)(11). However, for an Eligible Rollover Distribution to a designated Beneficiary other than a Surviving Spouse, an Eligible Retirement Plan is only an individual retirement Account described in Code Section 408(a) or an individual retirement annuity described in Code Section 408(b) that is treated as an inherited IRA in accordance with Code Section 402(c)(11).
- c) Roth IRA Rollover Distribution. In connection with a Participant's Severance from Employment or upon a Participant's death, as the case may be, a Participant or a Beneficiary may elect, at the time and in the manner prescribed by the Recordkeeper, to have all or any portion of the Participant's Accounts that qualifies as an Eligible Rollover Distribution rolled over to a Roth individual retirement arrangement (as defined in Section 7701(a)(37) of the Code, and designated as a Roth arrangement at the time of its establishment). Such amounts will be included in gross income as if the distribution had been made to such Participant or Beneficiary.

- d) <u>In-Plan ROTH Conversion</u>. A Participant, the surviving Spouse of a deceased Participant, or a Participant's spouse or former spouse who is designated as an Alternate Payee under a Qualified Domestic Relations Order, may elect an In-Plan Roth Conversion in accordance with this section 8.4(d).
 - a. An In-Plan Roth Conversion is a transfer of amounts held in a Participant's account under the Plan that is not a designated Roth Account to a designated Roth Account established on the Participant's behalf. An In-Plan Roth Conversion shall comply with the provisions of Code 402A(c)(4) and the regulations and quidance issued under that Code section.
 - b. An In-Plan Roth Conversion shall be one of two types:
 - i. A "Distributable Amount Conversion," which is a qualified transfer of an amount otherwise distributable under the Plan, as described in Code 402(c)(4); or
 - ii. A "Non-distributable Amount Conversion," which is a qualified transfer of an amount not otherwise distributable under the Plan, as described in Code 402A(c)(4)(E).
 - c. A Distributable Amount Conversion may be accomplished by either a direct transfer within the Plan, or by a distributee's rollover contribution made within the 60 days after receipt of an eligible distribution. A Non- distributable Amount Conversion cannot be made in the form of a 60-day rollover.
 - d. Amounts for any of the Participant's Accounts under the Plan (other than as a current Roth Account), including from an Employer Contribution Account, if applicable, may be transferred to a designated Roth account under the Plan as an In-Plan Roth Conversion.
 - e. A Distributable Amount Conversion is subject to the rollover notice requirements of Code 402(f). A Non-distributable Roth Conversion is not subject to such notice Requirements.
 - f. A designated Roth Account to which a Non-distributable Amount Conversion is transferred will remain subject to the restrictions on distributions that apply to the amounts transferred. Consequently, distributions from such designated Roth Accounts generally cannot be made prior to the Participant's termination of employment or attainment of age 72.
 - g. The Value of either a Distributable Amount Conversion or a Non-distributable Amount Conversion from an In-Plan Roth Conversion is included in the Participant's or other electing individual's gross income for the year of the conversion.

8.5 457 Transfers.

The Participant may transfer his or her Account to another Section 457 maintained by another employer, if:

- a) The Participant has severed employment with the Employer and become an Employee of the other employer;
- b) The other employer's plan provides that such transfer will be accepted; and
- c) The Participant and the employer have signed such agreements as are necessary to assure that the Employer's liability to pay benefits to the Participant has been discharged and assumed by the other employer.

A transfer from an eligible governmental to another eligible governmental plan is permitted if the following conditions are met:

- a) The transfer is from an eligible governmental plan to another eligible governmental plan
 of the same employer; for this purpose, the employer is not treated as the same
 employer if the Participant's Compensation is paid by a different entity;
- b) The transferor plan provides for transfers;
- c) The receiving plan provides for receipt of transfers;
- d) The participant or Beneficiary whose amounts deferred are being transferred will have an amount deferred immediately after the transfer at least equal to the amount deferred with respect to that participant or Beneficiary immediately before the transfer; and
- e) The participant or Beneficiary whose deferred amounts are being transferred is not eligible for additional annual Deferrals in the receiving plan unless the participant or Beneficiary is performing services for the entity maintaining the receiving plan.

8.6 Withholding.

The Recordkeeper shall withhold or cause to be withheld from any amounts withdrawn or distributed all federal, state, city or other taxes as shall be required pursuant to any law or governmental ruling or regulation, including Treasury Regulations.

8.7 Required Minimum Distributions.

- a) In General. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan to the contrary (except Section 8.7(b)), all distributions under the Plan shall be in accordance with the minimum distribution and timing requirements of Section 401(a)(9) of the Code (including the incidental death benefit requirements of Section 401(a)(9)(G) of the Code) and the final Treasury Regulations under Sections 1.401(a)(9)-2 through 1.401(a)(9)-9, which are incorporated herein by reference. Such provisions shall override any distribution options in the Plan that may be inconsistent with Section 401(a)(9) of the Code. Any distributions made pursuant to this Section 8.7 in order to comply with Section 401(a)(9) of the Code shall be charged against the Account or Accounts of the Participant in such manner as designated by the Participant in accordance with procedures established by the Recordkeeper; provided, however, that if no such designation is made, such distributions shall be charged first against the Before-Tax Deferral Account, second against the Roth 457(b) Account, third against the Rollover Account or Rollover Accounts not relating to Rollover Contributions of amounts from a Qualified Roth Contribution Program, and fourth against the Rollover Account or Rollover Accounts relating to Rollover Contributions of amounts from a Qualified Roth Contribution Program
- b) 2009 Waiver. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in Section 8.7, a Participant who would have been required to receive required minimum distributions for 2009 but for the enactment of Section 401(a)(9)(H) of the Code ("2009 RMDs"), and who would have satisfied that requirement by receiving distributions that are (i) equal to the 2009 RMDs or (ii) one or more payments in a series of substantially equal distributions (that include the 2009 RMDs) made at least annually and expected to last for the life (or life expectancy) of the Participant, the joint lives (or joint life expectancy) of the Participant

and the Participant's Beneficiary, or for a period of at least 10 years, will not receive those distributions for 2009 unless the Participant or Beneficiary chooses to receive such distributions. Participants and Beneficiaries described in the preceding sentence will be given the opportunity to elect to receive the distributions described in the preceding sentence.

- c) <u>Distributions During Participant's Life.</u> The Account of a Participant shall be distributed (or commence to be distributed) to such Participant as soon as practicable after the Required Beginning Date. If the Participant has not made an election pursuant to Section 8.1(c) prior to such Required Beginning Date, then the Account shall be distributed in the form of installment payments commencing on the Required Beginning Date.
- d) <u>Death of a Participant Before the Required Beginning Date</u>.
 - i If a Participant dies before his Required Beginning Date, his Beneficiary (or if the Participant has no Beneficiary, his or her Surviving Spouse or estate, as determined under Section 9.2) shall receive a distribution of the Account over the life of the Beneficiary or over a period not exceeding the life expectancy of the Beneficiary; provided that the distribution commences no later than December 31 of the calendar year immediately following the calendar year in which the Participant dies, except as set forth in Sections 8.7(d)(i)(1) or (2) as follows:
 - 1. If a Participant dies before his Required Beginning Date, the Beneficiary may elect to receive the remaining portion (if any) of such Participant's Account no later than December 31 of the calendar year containing the fifth anniversary of the Participant's death (determined without regard to 2009); or
 - 2. If the sole Beneficiary is the Participant's Surviving Spouse, such Surviving Spouse may elect to receive a distribution of the Account over a period not exceeding the life expectancy of the Surviving Spouse (determined as of the date such payments commence); provided that the distribution commences on or before the later of December 31 of the calendar year immediately following the calendar year in which the Participant dies or December 31 of the calendar year in which the Participant would have attained age 72; provided, further, that if the Surviving Spouse dies after the Participant but before distributions to the Surviving Spouse commence, Section 8.7(d) (with the exception of Section 8.7(d)(i)(B)) shall apply as if the Surviving Spouse were the Participant. (ii) The Beneficiary may elect to receive payment of the Account as a lump sum or in annual, monthly or quarterly installment payments.
 - ii The Beneficiary may elect to receive payment of the Account as a lump sum or in annual, monthly or quarterly installment payments.
- e) <u>Death After Required Beginning Date and After Commencement of Distributions.</u>
 If a Participant dies on or after the Required Beginning Date, but before his or her entire Account is distributed to him or her, the unpaid portion of his or her Plan Account shall be distributed as follows:

- i. If the Participant has a designated Beneficiary, the longer of the remaining life expectancy of the Participant's Beneficiary and the remaining life expectancy of the Participant determined in accordance with Section 1.409(a)(9)-5 of the Treasury Regulations; or
- ii. If the Participant does not have a designated Beneficiary, the remaining life expectancy of the Participant determined in accordance with Section 1.409(a)(9)-5 of the Treasury Regulations; *provided, however*, that if a Beneficiary so elects, the Participant's remaining Account may be paid to the Beneficiary at any time in a lump sum so long as the entire Account is paid at least as rapidly as it would be paid under Section 8.7(e)(i) of this adopted Plan Document.
- f) Alternate Payee Accounts. In the case of any Alternate Payee Account, payments to the Alternate Payee must be made in accordance with the Plan and Section 401(a)(9) of the Code.

ARTICLE IX - DESIGNATION OF BENEFICIARIES

9.1 Designation of Beneficiaries.

Each Participant shall file with the Recordkeeper a designation of one or more persons as the Beneficiary who shall be entitled to receive the Account, if any, payable under the Plan upon his or her death. A Participant may from time-to-time revoke or change his or her Beneficiary designation without the consent of any prior Beneficiary by filing a new designation or change or revocation thereof shall be effective unless received by the Recordkeeper in good order prior to the Participant's death, and in no event shall it be effective as of a date prior to such receipt. For purposes of Article IX, a Beneficiary designation shall be deemed to be received in good order only if the Recordkeeper can reasonably identify the Beneficiary or Beneficiaries named in the designation.

9.2 No Beneficiaries Designated.

- a) If no such Beneficiary designation is in effect at the time of a Participant's death, or if no designated Beneficiary survives the Participant, or if no designated Beneficiary can be located with reasonable diligence by the Recordkeeper, the payment of the Account, if any, payable under the Plan upon the Participant's death shall be made by the Recordkeeper to the Participant's Surviving Spouse, if any, or if the Participant has no Surviving Spouse, or the Surviving Spouse cannot be located with reasonable diligence by the Recordkeeper, then to the deceased estate.
- b) If the Beneficiary so designated by the Participant dies after the death of the Participant but prior to receiving a complete distribution of the amount that would have been paid to such Beneficiary had such Beneficiary's death not then occurred, then, for purposes of the Plan, the distribution that would otherwise have been received by such Beneficiary shall be paid to the Beneficiary's estate.

ARTICLE X - QUALIFIED DOMESTIC RELATIONS ORDERS

10.1 Qualified Domestic Relations Order.

Payments with respect to a Participant's Account may be made by the Recordkeeper to one or more Alternate Payees pursuant to the terms of a Qualified Domestic Relations Order. Upon

segregation of the assets payable to the Alternate Payee, any such amounts paid or segregated shall no longer constitute part of the Participant's Account. No liability whatsoever shall be incurred by the Committee, NDC Administrative Staff, the Employer, or the Recordkeeper solely by reason of any act or omission undertaken in accordance with this Article to comply with the terms of a Qualified Domestic Relations Order.

ARTICLE XI - ADMINISTRATION

11.1 Plan Administration.

Except as otherwise provided therein, the operation and administration of the Plan shall be the responsibility of the Committee and the Committee shall have all of the broad, general authority necessary or advisable to operate and administer the Plan

The Committee shall have the power and the duty to take all action and to make all decisions necessary or proper to carry out its responsibilities under the Plan. All determinations of the Committee as to any question involving its responsibilities under the Plan, including interpretation of the Plan or as to any discretionary actions to be taken under the Plan, shall be solely in the Committee's discretion and shall be final, conclusive and binding on all parties.

The Committee may delegate administrative and managerial duties to the Executive Officer.

11.2 Powers and Responsibilities of the Committee.

The primary responsibilities of the Committee is to oversee the governance of the Plan for the benefit of the Participants and their Beneficiaries, subject to the specific terms adopted in the Plan. Under the delegation of the Committee, the Executive Officer will administer the Plan in accordance with its terms and will have the power and discretion, or delegate that power and discretion to a Recordkeeper under the direction and oversight of the Executive Officer, to construe the terms of the Plan and determine all questions arising in connection with the administration, interpretation, and application of the Plan. Any such determination by the Executive Officer or Recordkeeper under the direction or oversight of the Executive Officer will be conclusive and binding upon all persons. The Committee or Executive Officer may establish administrative procedures and/or direct the Recordkeeper to correct any defect, supply any information, or reconcile any inconsistency in such manner and to such extent as will be deemed necessary or advisable to carry out the purpose of the Plan under the delegation of the Committee; provided, however, that any procedure, discretionary act, interpretation or construction will be done in a nondiscriminatory manner based upon uniform principles consistently applied and will be consistent with the intent that the Plan will continue to be deemed a qualified plan under the terms of Code Section 457, and will comply with the terms of all Income Tax Regulations issued pursuant thereto. The Executive Officer and/or the Recordkeeper, under the direction and oversight of the Executive officer, will have all powers necessary or appropriate to accomplish duties under this Plan. The Committee will have full power to interpret and construe the Plan in a manner consistent with its terms and the provisions of Code Section 457, including the applicable Income Tax Regulations and to establish practices and procedures conforming to those provisions. In all such cases, the Committee's determination will be final and conclusive upon all persons. It is recognized that unusual circumstances may occur and questions may arise that are not specifically covered by any provision of the Plan, and the Committee will have the right to resolve all such questions.

The Committee will periodically review the performance of any contractor or representative of a contractor to whom duties have been delegated or allocated by it under the provisions of this Plan or pursuant to procedures established hereunder. This requirement may be satisfied by formal periodic review by the Committee or by the Executive Officer, through day-to-day management and oversight, or through other appropriate methods approved by the Committee or Executive Officer. The Executive Officer will be charged with the duties of the general administration of the Plan, and may assign, under the direction of the Executive Officer, particular duties to the Plan's Recordkeeper including, but not limited to, the following:

- a) The discretion to determine all questions relating to the eligibility of Employees and Independent Contractors to participate or remain a Participant hereunder and to receive benefits under the Plan;
- To require any person to furnish such information as it may request for the purpose of the proper administration of the Plan as a condition to receiving any benefit under the Plan;
- c) To authorize and direct the Recordkeeper with respect to all disbursements to which a Participant is entitled under the Plan;
- d) To maintain all necessary records for the administration of the Plan;
- e) To make and enforce such rules and regulations and prescribe the use of such forms as it shall deem necessary for the efficient administration of the Plan;
- f) To interpret the Plan and to resolve ambiguities, inconsistencies and omissions in the terms of the Plan or any document related to the Plan, and to assist any Participant regarding his/her rights, benefits, or elections available under the Plan;
- g) To decide all questions concerning the Plan and the eligibility of any Employer or other individual to participate in the Plan;
- h) To enlarge or diminish any applicable time period set forth in the Plan, subject to applicable law; and
- i) To determine the methods and procedures for the implementation and use of any automated telephone, computer, internet, intranet or other electronic or automated system adopted for purposes of Plan administration.

11.3 Limitation of Liability.

Except as may be prohibited by applicable law, neither the Committee, any member thereof, nor any Administrative Staff member, shall be liable for (a) anything done or omitted to be done by it or by them unless the act or omission claimed to be the basis for liability amounted to a failure to act in good faith or was due to gross negligence or willful misconduct; (b) the payment of any amount under the Plan; or (c) any judgment or reasonable mistake of fact made by it or on its behalf by a member of the Committee or Administrative Staff. No member of the Committee or any Administrative Staff member shall be personally liable under any contract, agreement, or other instrument made or executed by him or her or on his or her behalf in connection with the Plan or Trust fund.

11.4 Trustee.

The Trustee shall have responsibility for the custody and safekeeping of the assets of the Plan in accordance with the terms of the Trust Agreement and the Recordkeeper shall be responsible for implementing the aggregated investment decisions of Participants and beneficiaries by allocating the Plan assets to the various Investment Options.

11.5 Investment Options.

The Committee shall have the power to add or remove one or more Investment Options. The Committee shall periodically review the performance and methods of such Investment Options. The Committee has the right to (i) replace any Investment Option with a successor organization or option, (ii) to select any additional investment option or (iii) remove any Investment Option.

11.6 Delegation.

The Committee may delegate its general authority as it deems appropriate in accordance with the terms of the Plan and all applicable Code sections; provided; however, that such delegation shall be subject to revocation at any time at the discretion of the Committee. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan, the Committee's general authority shall include the right to review, revise, modify, revoke, or vacate any decision made or action taken by any party under the Plan to whom authority of the Committee has been delegated or to whom authority with respect to the administration of the Plan or the custody and investment of assets of the Trust Fund has been delegated or assigned under the terms of the Plan, by the Committee or otherwise. The rights of the Committee under Section 11.6 include the right to review, revise, modify, revoke, or vacate any decision of the Recordkeeper.

11.7 Plan Expenses.

- a) Assessment Against the Trust Fund. Subject to 11.7(b), the expenses of administering the Plan, including (i) the fees and expenses of the Investment Options and any Recordkeeper(s) for the performance of their duties under the Plan, including any fees and expenses associated with a change, termination or addition of an Investment Option, (ii) the fees, if any, of any member of the Committee and any Trustee and the expenses incurred by the Committee or any of its members or the NDC Administrative Staff in the performance of their duties under the Plan, including reasonable Compensation for any legal counsel, certified public accountants, consultants, and Employees of the Committee and cost of services rendered in respect of the Plan and the Trust Agreement (as provided therein), and (iii) all other proper charges and disbursements of the Investment Options, Recordkeeper, the Committee or its members (including settlements of claims or legal actions approved by counsel to the Plan).
- b) <u>Investment Expenses.</u> Unless the Committee determines otherwise, brokerage fees, transfer taxes and any other expenses incident to the purchase or sale of securities for any Investment Option shall be deemed to be part of the cost of such securities, or deducted in computing the proceeds there from, as the case may be. The Recordkeeper shall appropriately deduct any taxes assessed in respect of any assets held, income received, or transactions effected under the Investment Options proportionately against any Accounts that are invested in such Investment Option.

11.8 Review of Claims and Appeals

a) <u>Initial Claim of Rights or Benefits, Appeals, and Review</u>. Any claims to rights or benefits under the Plan, including any purported Qualified Domestic Relations Order, or request

for an Unforeseeable Emergency Withdrawal must be filed in writing with the Recordkeeper. Notice of denial of any claim in whole or part in part by the Recordkeeper, or by such other entity designed by the Recordkeeper, shall include the specific reasons for denial and notice of the rights granted by Section 11.8.

- b) Review of Decision. Any claimant or Participant Account who has received notice of denial or grant, in whole or in part, of a claim made in accordance with the foregoing Section 11.8(a) may file a written request within thirty days of receipt of such denial for review of the decision by the Executive Officer. Within 90 days after receipt of such request for review, the Committee may elect to review and discuss the decision in an open meeting in accordance with the Nevada Open Meeting Law and shall notify the claimant and, as applicable, the Participant, that the claim has been granted or denied, in whole or in part. Notice of denial of any claim in whole or in part by the Committee shall include the specific reasons for denial and shall be final, binding and conclusive on all interested person(s) for all purposes.
- c) Any claim or appeal to a decision or action of the Committee, Administrative Staff, or contractor of the State under the Plan, including Investment changes, Plan design changes, actions made or asserted by Administration Staff or any of the NDC contractor(s) must be filed in writing with the Executive Officer and shall include specific details, facts, reasons for dispute, and written proof of wrong doing or damages (if applicable). The Executive Officer is responsible for the initial review of any such claim or appeal and will attempt to determine or institute a suitable solution. The Executive Officer may consult and/or involve the State Attorney General, the Department of Administration Director, and the Committee Chairperson for a solution of resolution or denial of a claim or appeal which may result in the claim and/or appeal being reviewed and discussed in an open meeting in accordance with the Nevada Open Meeting Law. The Executive Officer shall notify the claimant, and as applicable, the Participant of any action or decision that was determined within 90 days of the written claim or appeal being submitted to the Executive Officer in good order.

11.9 Advisers.

The Committee shall arrange for the engagement and/or the contracting of certified public accountants and other consultants, including an investment consultant and/or investment adviser, for the purposes of the Plan. The Committee and Executive Officer may rely upon the written opinions of the State Attorney General and of, contracted accountants and consultants, and upon any information supplied by the Trustee or Recordkeeper appointed in accordance with the Regulations.

11.10 Limitation on Committee Power.

No member of the Committee shall be entitled to act on or decide any matters relating solely to such member or any of his or her rights or benefit under the Plan.

11.11 Public Meetings.

All actions of the Committee shall be taken at a public meeting in accordance with the Nevada Open Meeting Law. The Committee shall establish its own procedures and the time and place for its meetings and provide for the keeping of minutes of all meetings.

11.12 Defense of Claims.

In the event of a claim or legal action, the Committee and NDC Administrative Staff shall be entitled to defense by the State Attorney General.

ARTICLE XII - ADOPTION BY AND WITHDRAWALS OF PARTICIPATING EMPLOYERS

12.1 Adoption by a Participating Employer.

Effective Date of Adoption. Upon a Participating Employer's adoption of the Plan, such Participating Employer shall file with the NDC Administrative Staff a copy of each resolution or other legal action, consent or approval through which the Participating Employer adopted the Plan. Such Participating Employer's adoption of the Plan shall be effective upon receiving an acknowledgement of receipt of such submission from NDC Administrative Staff and a Committee motion ratifying the Participating Employer's adoption of the Plan.

12.2 Withdrawal of Participating Employer.

- a) Withdrawal by the Participating Employer. Any Participating Employer may terminate its adoption of the Plan by filing with the NDC Administrative Staff a copy of the resolution or other legal action, adopted in the same manner as the resolution or other legal action adopted pursuant to Section 12.1, specifying a termination date which shall be no earlier than the last Business Day of the month at least 30 days subsequent to the date such notice is received by the NDC Administrative Staff.
- b) Termination of Participating Employer's Participation by the Committee.
 - The Committee may terminate any Participating Employer's adoption of the Plan, as of any termination date specified by the Committee, for the failure of the Participating Employer to comply with any provision of the Plan or the Regulations.
 - ii. The Committee may terminate a Participating Employer's adoption of the Plan upon complete and final discontinuance of Deferrals and contributions.
- c) Treatment of Participants after Withdrawal. Upon termination of adoption of the Plan by any Participating Employer that was formerly a Participating Employer, such Participating Employer shall not permit any further Deferrals or contributions of Compensation under the Plan and all Participants who are or where Employees of such Participating Employer or if no successor plan is established, payable to or in respect of such Participants as provided in the Plan. Any distributions, transfers or other dispositions of such Participants as provided in the Plan shall constitute a complete discharge of all liabilities under the Plan with respect to such Participating Employer previous adoption of the Plan and any Participant who is or was an Employee of such Participating Employer. The rights of such Participant under the Plan shall be unaffected by the termination of the adoption of the Plan by such Participating Employer with respect to Deferrals and contributions made and Accounts in existence as of the effective date of the termination.
- d) <u>Continued Obligations of Participating Employers.</u> Notwithstanding any other provision in Section 12.2 to the contrary, any Participating Employer who was previously a Participating Employer and whose adoption of the Plan has been terminated pursuant to

Section 12.2(a) or 12.2(b) shall cooperate with the Executive Officer and Recordkeeper to provide any information or notifications needed for the continued administration of the Plan to Participants who had Accounts in existence as of the effective date of the termination, until such time as total the value of the Accounts attributable to any Participant who are current or former Employees (or who are Beneficiaries or Alternate Payees of any current or former Employees) of such Participating Employer, has been distributed or transferred to another eligible deferred Compensation plan under Section 457 of the Code, as provided under the Plan.

ARTICLE XIII - AMENDMENT OR TERMINATION

13.1 Power to Amend or Terminate.

Subject to any requirements of State or federal law, the Committee reserves the right at any time and with or without prior notice to any person to amended, suspend or terminate the Plan, to eliminate future Deferrals and contributions for existing Participants, or to limit participation to existing Participants, in whole or in part and for any reason and without the consent of any Participating Employer, Employee, Participant, Beneficiary or other person. No amendment, suspension or termination of any provisions of the Plan or any Deferrals or contributions there under, the Trust Agreement or any Investment Option may be made retroactively, unless such retroactively is allowed under State law, the Code and any other applicable law.

13.2 Termination of the Plan.

Upon any action by the Committee to initiate a Plan termination, no Participating Employer may permit any further Deferrals or contributions of Compensation under the Plan, and the Plan termination shall become effective upon the distribution of all Accounts. After taking an action to initiate a Plan termination, the Committee may distribute all Accounts. Any distributions, transfers or other dispositions of Accounts as provided in the Plan shall constitute a complete discharge of all liabilities under the Plan. The Committee and the Trustee(s) shall remain in existence and the Trust Agreement and all of the provisions of the Plan that the Committee determines are necessary or advisable for the administration and distribution, transfer or other disposition of interests in the Trust Fund shall remain in force.

13.3 Notice to Participating Employers.

The Committee, through the Executive Officer shall give notice on a reasonably timely basis of any amendment, suspension or termination of the Plan to all Participating Employers.

ARTICLE XIV - GENERAL LIMITATIONS AND PROVISIONS

14.1 Plan Binding on Accounts.

The Plan, as duly amended from time to time, shall be binding on each Participant and his or her Surviving Spouse, Domestic Partner, heirs, legally designated estate administrators, trustees, successors, assigns, and Beneficiaries and all other interested persons.

14.2 No Right to Employment.

Nothing contained shall give any individual the right to be retained in the employment of the Employer or affect the right of the Employer to terminate any individual's employment. The adoption and maintenance of the Plan shall not constitute a contract between the Employer and any individual or consideration for, or an inducement to or condition of, the employment of any individual.

14.3 No Alienation of Accounts.

Except insofar as may otherwise be required by a Qualified Domestic Relations Order or applicable law, no amount payable at any time under the Plan shall be subject in any manner to alienation by anticipation, sale, transfer, assignment, bankruptcy, pledge, attachment, garnishment, charge or encumbrance of any king, and any attempt to so alienate such amount, whether presently or thereafter payable, shall be void.

14.4 Notices to the Committee or Administrative Staff.

All elections, designations, requests, notices, instructions, and other communications from a Participating Employer, an Employee, a Participant or any other person to the Committee, Administrative Staff, Recordkeeper, or the Employer required or permitted under the Plan shall be in such form as is prescribed by the Executive Officer, shall be mailed by first class mail or delivered electronically in such a form and to such location as shall be prescribed by the Executive Officer from time to time, and shall be deemed to have been given and delivered only upon actual receipt thereof at such location. Copies of all elections, designations, requests, notices, instructions and other communications from an Employee, a Participant, a Beneficiary, a Surviving Spouse or any other person to the Participating Employer shall be promptly filed with the NDC Administrative Staff or the Recordkeeper.

14.5 Notices to Participants.

All notices, statements, reports, and other communications from a Participating Employer, the Trustee, Administrative Staff, or Recordkeeper to any Participant shall be deemed to have been duly given when delivered by email or other form of delivery approved by the Committee including first class mail, postage prepaid, and addressed to such Employee, Participant, Beneficiary, Surviving Spouse or other person at his or her address last appearing on the records of the Recordkeeper, the Administrative Staff, or the Participating Employer.

14.6 Trust Sole Source of Accounts.

The Trust Fund shall be the sole source of benefits under the Plan and, except as otherwise required by applicable law, neither the Committee, Administrative Staff, the Employer nor any officer or Employee of an Employer assume any liability or responsibility for payment of such benefits, and each Participant, his or her spouse or Beneficiary, or other person who shall client the right to any payment under the Plan shall be entitled to look only to the Trust Fund for such payment and shall not have any right, claim, or demand therefore against the Committee or any member thereof, Administrative Staff, the Employer or officer or Employee of an Employer. Nothing in Section 14.7 shall relieve an Employer of its obligation to defer or contribute Amounts Deferred or Contributed to the Trust Fund within two Business Days after the applicable payroll date, in the manner contemplated by Section 4.1.

14.7 Account Assets and Account Vesting.

a) Account Assets Held in Trust Fund. The entire value of each Account for each Participant shall be held in the Trust Fund pursuant to the Trust Agreement for the exclusive benefit of the applicable Participant and for paying reasonable expenses of the Plan and of the Trust Fund pursuant to Section 11.7, and no part of the Trust Fund shall revert to any Employer; provided, however, that the setting-aside of any amounts to be held in the Trust Fund is expressly conditioned upon the following: If an amount is set aside to be held in the Trust Fund by an Employer in a manner which is inconsistent with any of the requirements of Section 457(b) of the Code.

b) <u>Vesting</u>. Each Participant shall be 100 percent vested at all times in his or her Account.

14.8 Several Liability.

The duties and responsibilities allocated to each person under the Plan and the Trust Agreement shall be the several and not joint responsibility of each and no such person shall be liable for the act or omission of any other person.

14.9 Interpretation.

(i) The term "including" means by way of example and not by way of limitation, and (ii) the heading preceding the sections hereof have been inserted solely as a matter of convenience and in no way define or limit the scope or intent of any provisions hereof.

14.10 Construction.

The Plan and all rights there under shall be governed by the construed in accordance with the Code and the laws of the State.